What is claimed is:

## 1. A compound having the structure

5 wherein X is O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub> or NR<sub>7</sub>;

Z is 
$$R_8 \longrightarrow CO_2R_3$$
 or  $R_8 \longrightarrow R_8$ 

n is 0 or 1;

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 $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are the same or different and are independently selected from alkyl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl or cycloheteroalkyl;

R<sub>3</sub> is H or lower alkyl or a metal ion;

R<sub>4</sub> is H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, hydroxy, alkyl, alkoxy,

15 carboxyl, carboxyalkyl-, aminoalkyl, amino,
 alkanoylamino, aroylamino, cyano, alkoxyCON(R<sub>7d</sub>)-,
 R<sub>7f</sub>R<sub>7g</sub>NCO<sub>2</sub>-, R<sub>7f</sub>R<sub>7g</sub>NCO-, R<sub>7e</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sub>7d</sub>)-, R<sub>7f</sub>R<sub>7g</sub>NSO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sub>7d</sub>)-,
 R<sub>7e</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>- or R<sub>7e</sub>OCO;

 $R_7$  is H, alkyl, aryl, alkanoyl, aroyl or alkoxycarbonyl,  $R_{7a}SO_2\text{--}$  ,  $R_{7b}R_{7c}NSO_2\text{--}$  or  $R_{7b}R_{7c}NCO\text{--}$  ;

 $R_{7a}$  and  $R_{7e}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from alkyl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl or cycloheteroaryl;

 $R_{7b}$  and  $R_{7c}$ , and  $R_{7f}$  and  $R_{7g}$ , and  $R_{7d}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from H, alkyl,

arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl,
heteroaryl or cycloheteroalkyl;

or  $R_{7b}$  and  $R_{7c}$  may be taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached to form a stable 3 to 8 membered heterocyclic ring, which, where applicable, includes 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring; or  $R_{7f}$  and  $R_{7g}$  may be taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached to form a stable 3 to 8 membered ring, which, where applicable, includes 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring.

R<sub>8</sub> is H or lower alkyl;

 $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from H or alkyl; or where at least one of  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  is alkyl,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  may be taken together with the carbon or carbons to which they are attached to form a 3 to 7 membered carbocyclic ring, which may include a spirocyclic ring;

and "represents a single bond or a double bond (which may be cis or trans);

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof 20 (where  $R_3$  is H), or ester thereof, a prodrug ester thereof, and all stereoisomers thereof.

2. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein is a double bond which is trans.

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- 3. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein Z is in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable basic salt.
- 4. The compound as defined in Claim 1 in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt.
  - 5. The compound as defined in Claim 1 in the form of the  $\delta\text{-lactone}$  thereof.
- 35 6. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein X is O,  $SO_2$  or  $NR_7$  where  $R_7$  is  $R_{7a}SO_2$ -.

7. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are independently selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl and aryl;

R<sub>4</sub> is H or halogen;

5 n is o;

and X is O.

8. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is aryl,

10 R<sub>2</sub> is alkyl or cycloalkyl;

 $R_4$  is H;

n is o;

X is 0; and

is a trans double bond, in the form of a free acid or an alkali or alkaline earth metal salt or an amino acid salt.

9. The compound as defined in Claim 8 wherein  $\ensuremath{R_1}$  is phenyl which contains 1 or 2 substituents,

 $R_2$  is alkyl or cycloalkyl;

R<sub>4</sub> is H;

X is 0; and

is a trans double bond, in the form of a free acid or an alkali or alkaline earth metal salt or an amino acid salt.

10. The compound as defined in Claim 9 wherein  $R_1$  is 4-fluorophenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl, or 3,5-dimethylphenyl; and

R<sub>2</sub> is isopropyl, t-butyl or cyclopropyl.

11. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein Z has the structure

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- 12. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein X is SO,  $SO_2$  or  $NR_7$ .
- 13. The compound as defined in Claim 12 wherein  $R_7$  is  $R_{7a}SO_2-$ ,  $R_{7b}R_{7c}NSO_2-$ , or  $R_{7b}R_{7c}NCO-$ .
  - 14. The compound as defined in Claim 12 wherein  $R_4$  is alkoxycarbonylamino-,  $R_{7f}R_{7g}NCO_2$ -,  $R_{7e}SO_2N(R_{7d})$  or  $R_{7f}R_{7g}NSO_2N(R_{7d})$ -.

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## 15. A compound having the structure

HO 
$$CO_2R_3$$
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_{10}$ 
 $R_4$ 

or an alkali or alkaline earth metal salt thereof or an amino acid salt or an acid addition salt via the pyridine of the corresponding  $\delta$  lactone,

wherein  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  are the same or different and are independently selected from H, halogen or alkyl and

R<sub>2</sub> is alkyl or cycloalkyl;

20  $R_4$  is H;

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 $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are each H;

X is 0;

and  $R_3$  is H or an alkali or alkaline earth metal or an amino acid salt or other pharmaceutically acceptable salt or the internal lactone thereof.

16. The compound as defined in Claim 15 wherein  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  are H and 4-fluoro;

H and 4-fluoro-3-methyl or

30 3,5-dimethyl; and

R<sub>2</sub> is isopropyl, t-butyl or cyclopropyl.

17. The compound as defined in Claim 15 having the structure

wherein  $R_3$  is H or an alkali or alkaline earth metal or an amino acid salt or other pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or the internal lactone thereof.

# 18. A compound of the structure

- Wherein  $R_3$  is H or an alkali or alkaline earth metal ion or an amino acid, or the internal lactone thereof.
  - 19. The compound as defined in Claim 18 in the form of the sodium salt.

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- 20. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as defined in Claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier therefor.
- 5 A pharmaceutical combination comprising the HMG CoA reductase inhibitor compound as defined in Claim 1 and one or more hypolipidemic agents or lipid-lowering agents, or lipid agents, or lipid modulating agents, and/or one or more other types of therapeutic agents 10 including antidiabetic agents, anti-obesity agents, antihypertensive agents, platelet aggregation inhibitors, anti-dementia agents, anti-Alzheimer's agents, antiosteoporosis agents, and/or hormone replacement therapeutic agents, and/or other cardiovascular agents (including anti-anginal agents, anti-arrhythmic agents, 15 anti-atherosclerosis agents, anti-inflammatory agents, anti-arthritis agents, anti-platelet agents, anti-heart failure agents), anti-cancer agents, anti-infective agents, hormone replacement agents, growth hormone secretagogues, selective androgen receptor modulators, 20 and/or immunomodulatory agents.
- The combination as defined in Claim 21 22. wherein the hypolipidemic agent or lipid-lowering agent or other lipid agent or lipid modulating agent or anti-25 atherosclerotic agent, which is employed comprises 1,2,3 or more MTP inhibitors, HMG CoA reductase inhibitors, squalene synthetase inhibitors, fibric acid derivatives, PPAR  $\alpha$  agonists, PPAR dual  $\alpha/\gamma$  agonists, PPAR  $\delta$  agonists, ACAT inhibitors, lipoxygenase inhibitors, cholesterol 30 absorption inhibitors, ileal Na<sup>†</sup>/bile acid cotransporter inhibitors, upregulators of LDL receptor activity, cholesteryl ester transfer protein inhibitors, bile acid sequestrants, or nicotinic acid and derivatives thereof, ATP citrate lyase inhibitors, phytoestrogen compounds, an 35 HDL upregulators, LDL catabolism promoters, antioxidants, PLA-2 inhibitors, antihomocysteine agents, HMG-CoA

synthase inhibitors, lanosterol demethylase inhibitors, or sterol regulating element binding protein-I agents.

- 23. The pharmaceutical combination as defined in5 Claim 21 comprising said HMG CoA reductase inhibiting compound and an antidiabetic agent.
- 24. The combination as defined in Claim 23 wherein the antidiabetic agent which may be optionally employed is 1,2,3 or more antidiabetic agents or antihyperglycemic agents including insulin secretagogues or insulin sensitizers, which may include biguanides, sulfonyl ureas, PTP-1B inhibitors, aldose reductase inhibitors, glucosidase inhibitors, PPAR γ agonists, PPAR α agonists,
  15 PPAR δ antagonists or agonists, aP2 inhibitors, PPAR α/γ dual agonists, dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DP4) inhibitors, SGLT2 inhibitors, glycogen phosphorylase inhibitors, and/or meglitinides, insulin, and/or glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) or a mimetics thereof.

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25. The combination as defined in Claim 24 wherein the antidiabetic agent is 1, 2, 3 or more of metformin, glyburide, glimepiride, glipyride, glipizide, chlorpropamide, gliclazide, acarbose, miglitol, pioglitazone, troglitazone, rosiglitazone, insulin, Gl-262570, isaglitazone, JTT-501, NN-2344, L895645, YM-440, R-119702, AJ9677, repaglinide, nateglinide, KAD1129, AR-HO39242, GW-409544, KRP297, AC2993, LY315902, P32/98 and/or NVP-DPP-728A.

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26. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the HMG CoA reductase inhibiting compound is present in a weight ratio to the lipid-lowering agent or antidiabetic agent within the range from about 0.001:1 to about 100:1.

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27. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the other type of therapeutic agent which may be optionally employed is 1, 2, 3 or more of an anti-obesity

agent which is a beta 3 adrenergic agonist, a lipase inhibitor, a serotonin (and dopamine) reuptake inhibitor, an aP2 inhibitor, a thyroid receptor beta drug, an anorectic agent, a PTP-1B inhibitor, a CCKA agonist, a neuropeptide Y antagonist, a melanocortin-4-receptor agonist, a PPAR modulator which is a PPAR  $\gamma$  antagonist, PPAR  $\alpha$  agonist, and/or PPAR  $\delta$  antagonist, a leptin inhibitor such as a leptin receptor activator, a fatty acid oxidation upregulator or inducer.

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- 28. The combination as defined in Claim 27 wherein the anti-obesity agent is orlistat, ATL-962, AJ9677, L750355, CP331648, sibutramine, topiramate, axokine, dexamphetamine, phentermine, phenylpropanolamine, and/or mazindol, P57 or CP-644673 (Pfizer).
- 29. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the lipid modulating agent is an MTP inhibitor, an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor, a squalene synthetase inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, an upregulator of LDL receptor activity, a lipoxygenase inhibitor, or an ACAT inhibitor and the other lipid agent is a cholesteryl ester transfer protein inhibitor.
- 25 30. The combination as defined in Claim 29 wherein the lipid modulating agent is pravastatin, lovastatin, simvastatin, atorvastatin, cerivastatin, fluvastatin, pitavastatin, rosuvastatin, fenofibrate, gemfibrozil, clofibrate, avasimibe, TS-962, MD-700, cholestagel, 30 niacin, and/or LY295427.
  - 31. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the antihypertensive agent employed is an ACE inhibitor, angiotensin II receptor antagonist, NEP inhibitor, a NEP/ACE inhibitor, a calcium channel blocker, a T-channel calcium antagonist, a  $\beta$ -adrenergic blocker, a diuretic, a

 $\alpha$ -adrenergic blocker, a dual action receptor antagonist (DARA), or a heart failure drug.

32. The combination as defined in Claim 31 wherein the antihypertensive agent is an ACE inhibitor which is captopril, fosinopril, enalapril, lisinopril, quinapril, benazepril, fentiapril, ramipril or moexipril;

an NEP/ACE inhibitor which is omapatrilat, gemopatrilat, or CGS 30440;

an angiotensin II receptor antagonist which is irbesartan, losartan or valsartan;

amlodipine besylate, prazosin HCl, verapamil, nifedipine, nadolol, propranolol, or clonidine HCl, carvediol, atenolol, hydrochlorothiazide, torasemide, furosemide, spironolactone or indapamide.

- 33. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the HMG CoA reductase inhibitor is in combination with an ACE inhibitor or a NEP/ACE inhibitor.
- 34. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the HMG CoA reductase inhibitor is in combination with an ACE inhibitor which is rampipril.
- 25 35. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the HMG CoA reductase inhibitor is in combination with a NEP/ACE inhibitor which is omapatrilat or gemopatrilat.
- 36. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the HMG CoA reductase inhibitor is in combination with a platelet aggregation inhibitor.
  - 37. The combination as defined in Claim 36 wherein the platelet inhibitor is clopidogrel.

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- 38. The combination as defined in Claim 36 wherein the platelet inhibitor is clopidogrel, aspirin or a combination of clopidogrel and aspirin.
- 39. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the platelet aggregation inhibitor is aspirin, clopidogrel, ticlopidine, dipyridamole, ifetroban, abciximab, tirofiban, eptifibatide, or anagrelide.
- 10 40. The combination as defined in Claim 21 wherein the other therapeutic agent is an anti-Alzheimer's agent or anti-dementia agent, which is tacrine HCl (Cognex®), donepezil (Aricept®), a  $\Upsilon$ -secretase inhibtor, a  $\beta$ -secretase inhibitor and/or antihypertensive agent;
- an antiosteoporosis agent, which is parathyroid hormone, a bisphosphonate, alendronate, a Ca receptor agonist or a progestin receptor agonist;
  - a hormone replacement therapeutic agent, which is a selective estrogen receptor modulator (SERM);
- 20 a tyrosine kinase inhibitor;
  - a selective androgen receptor modulator;
  - an antiarrhythmic agent, which is a  $\beta\text{-blocker},$  or a calcium channel blocker, or an  $\alpha\text{-adrenergic blocker};$

coenzyme Q sub. 10;

- an agent that upregulates type III endothelial cell nitric acid syntase;
  - a chondroprotective compound which is polysulfated glycosaminoglycan (PSGAG), glucosamine, chondroitin sulfate (CS), hyaluronic acid (HA), pentosan polysulfate (PPS), doxycycline or minocycline;
  - a cyclooxygenase (COX)-2 inhibitor, which is Celebrex® (Searle) or Vioxx® (Merck) or a glycoprotein IIa/IIIb receptor antagonist;
    - a 5-HT reuptake inhibitor;
- a growth hormone secretagogue;
  an anti-atherosclerosis agent;

an anti-infective agent, or an immunosuppressant for use in transplantation, or an antineoplastic agent.

- 41. A method for treating hypercholesterolemia,
  5 dyslipidemia, hyperlipidemia, hyperlipoproteinemia, LDL
  Pattern B, LDL Pattern A, hypertriglyceridemia or
  atherosclerosis, or Alzheimer's disease or osteoporosis,
  which comprises administering to a mammalian species in
  need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a
  10 compound as defined in Claim 1.
- 42. A method of inhibiting cholesterol biosynthesis or lowering blood serum cholesterol levels and/or modulating blood serum cholesterol levels, lowering LDL cholesterol and/or increasing HDL cholesterol, or 15 treating dyslipidemia, mixed dyslipidemia, LDL Pattern B, LDL Pattern A, hyperlipidemia, hypercholesterolemia, hypo  $\alpha$ -lipoproteinemia, hyperlipoproteinemia or hypertriglyceridemia, and other aberrations of apolipoprotein B metabolism, or reducing levels of Lp(a), 20 or treating or preventing other cholesterol-related diseases, or treating or preventing or reversing progression of atherosclerosis, or preventing or treating Alzheimer's disease, or preventing or treating 25 osteoporosis and/or osteopenia, or reducing inflammatory markers, reducing C-reactive protein, or preventing or treating low grade vascular inflammation, or preventing or treating stroke, or preventing or treating dementia, or preventing and treating coronary heart disease, and primary and secondary prevention of myocardial 30 infarction, or preventing or treating stable and unstable angina, or primary prevention of coronary events, or secondary prevention of cardiovascular events, or preventing or treating peripheral vascular disease, 35 preventing or treating peripheral arterial disease, or preventing or treating acute vascular syndromes, or preventing or reducing the risk of undergoing myocardial

revascularization procedures, or preventing or treating microvascular diseases such as nephropathy, neuropathy, retinopathy and nephrotic syndrome, or preventing or treating hypertension in a patient in need of such treatment, which comprises administering to a mammalian species in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound in accordance with Claim 1.

- 43. A method for preventing or treating diabetes, especially Type 2 diabetes, and related diseases, insulin resistance, hyperglycemia, hyperinsulinemia, elevated blood levels of fatty acids or glycerol, obesity, LDL Pattern B, LDL Pattern A, Syndrome X, diabetic complications, dysmetabolic syndrome, and related diseases, and sexual dysfunction, which comprises administering to a mammalian species in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined in Claim 1.
- 20 44. A method for preventing and treating malignant lesions, premalignant lesions, gastrointestinal malignancies, liposarcomas and epithelial tumors, cancerinduced asthenia (fatigue), irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease, gastric ulceritis, and gallstones, and HIV infection, drug-induced lipodystrophy, and proliferative diseases, which comprises administering to a mammalian species in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined in Claim 1.

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45. A method for improving coagulation homeostasis, reducing PAI-1 activity, reducing fibrinogen, and/or reducing platelet aggregation, and/or improving endothelial function, which comprises administering to a mammalian species in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined in Claim 1.

46. A method for treating cholesterol related diseases, diabetes and related diseases, cardiovascular diseases, cerebrovascular diseases, which comprises

5 administering to a mammalian species in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a combination of a compound as defined in Claim 1 and a hypolipidemic agent, and/or lipid modulating agent and/or antidiabetic agent and/or cardiovascular agent, cerebrovascular agent,

10 and/or other type of therapeutic agent, which comprises administering to a mammalian species in need of treatment a therapeutically efective amount of such combinations.

#### 47. A compound having the structure

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$$R_1$$
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_{10}$ 
 $R_2$ 

wherein X is O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub> or NR<sub>7</sub> where R<sub>7</sub> is H, alkyl, aryl, alkanoyl, aroyl, alkoxycarbonyl,  $R_{7a}SO_2$ -,  $R_{7b}R_{7c}NSO_2$ - or  $R_{7b}R_{7c}NCO$ ;

20 R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are the same or different and are independently selected from alkyl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl or cycloheteroalkyl;

 $R_4$  is H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , hydroxy, alkyl, alkoxy, alkanoylamino, aroylamino, cyano, alkoxy $CON(R_{7d})$ -,  $R_{7f}R_{7g}NCOalkoxy$ -,  $R_{7e}SO_2N(R_{7d})$ - or  $R_{7f}R_{7g}NSO_2N(R_{7d})$ -;

 $R_{7a}$  and  $R_{7e}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from alkyl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl or cycloheteroalkyl;

 $R_{7b}$  and  $R_{7c},$  and  $R_{7f}$  and  $R_{7g},$  and  $R_{7d}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from H, alkyl,

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arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl or cycloheteroalkyl;

 $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from H or alkyl, or  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  may be taken together with the carbon or carbons to which they are attached to form a 3 to 7 membered carbocyclic ring;

48. The compound as defined in Claim 47 having the following structures:

## 49. A compound having the structure

wherein X is O, S or NR7;

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Z is 
$$CO_2R_3$$
 or  $CO_2R_8$  ;

n is 0 or 1;

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are the same or different and are independently selected from alkyl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl or cycloheteroalkyl;

R<sub>3</sub> is H or lower alkyl;

 $R_4$  is H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , hydroxy, alkyl, alkoxy, alkanoylamino, aroylamino, or cyano;

 $R_7$  is H, alkyl, aryl, alkanoyl, aroyl or alkoxycarbonyl;

R<sub>8</sub> is H or lower alkyl;

 $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are the same or different and are independently selected from H or alkyl, or  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  may be taken together with the carbon or carbons to which they are attached to form a 3 to 7 membered carbocyclic ring;

and "represents a single bond or a double bond (which may be cis or trans);

and including pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof (where  $R_3$  is H), esters thereof, prodrug esters thereof, and all stereoisomers thereof.